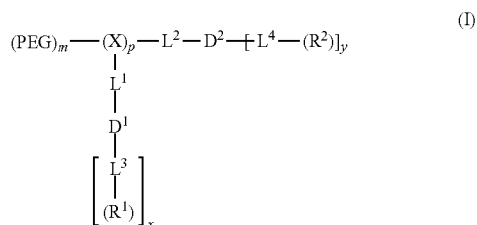


-continued

290	295	300	
Ser Ile Leu Pro Gly Ile Gly Ser Val Met Gly Ile Ala Asp Gly Ala			
305	310	315	320
Val His His Asn Thr Glu Glu Ile Val Ala Gln Ser Ile Ala Leu Ser			
	325	330	335
Ser Leu Met Val Ala Gln Ala Ile Pro Leu Val Gly Glu Leu Val Asp			
	340	345	350
Ile Gly Phe Ala Ala Tyr Asn Phe Val Glu Ser Ile Ile Asn Leu Phe			
	355	360	365
Gln Val Val His Asn Ser Tyr Asn Arg Pro Ala Tyr Ser Pro Gly His			
	370	375	380
Lys Thr Gln Pro Phe Glu Ala Ser Gly Gly Pro Glu Asn Ser Asp Ser			
385	390	395	400
Glu Cys Pro Leu Ser His Asp Gly Tyr Cys Leu His Asp Gly Val Cys			
	405	410	415
Met Tyr Ile Glu Ala Leu Asp Lys Tyr Ala Cys Asn Cys Val Val Gly			
	420	425	430
Tyr Ile Gly Glu Arg Cys Gln Tyr Arg Asp Leu Lys Trp Trp Glu Leu			
	435	440	445
Arg			

## 1. A compound of formula (I):



wherein

PEG is optionally present and is a polyethylene glycol moiety, wherein PEG has a molecular weight of 44 Da to 100 kDa;

X is optionally present and is a branched monomer unit; each  $L^1$  is independently optional and is a linker group; each  $L^2$  is independently optional and is a linker group; each  $L^3$  is independently optional and is a linker group; each  $L^4$  is independently optional and is a linker group;  $D^1$  is optional and is a dendritic polymer moiety having one or more branched monomer units (X), and a plurality of end groups;

$D^2$  is a dendritic polymer having one or more branched monomer units (X), and a plurality of end groups;

$R^1$  is optional and is an end group of the dendritic polymer and is independently at each occurrence in the compound selected from the group consisting of crosslinkable groups;

$R^2$  is an end group of the dendritic polymer and is independently at each occurrence in the compound selected from the group consisting of positively or negatively charged groups and neutral groups (e.g., polar groups: sugars, peptides, hydrophilic polymers,

or hydrophobic groups: long-chain alkanes ( $C_1$ - $C_{50}$ ) and fatty acids ( $C_1$ - $C_{50}$ ), aromatic molecules, esters, halogens, nitrocompounds, anthracyclines, fluorocarbons, silicones, certain steroids such as cholesterol, terpenoids, vitamins, and polymers, and amphiphilic groups, cholic acid, riboflavin, chlorogenic acid), where at least one positively or negatively charged groups are present in  $R^2$ ;

subscript x is an integer from 1 to 64, wherein subscript x is equal to the number of end groups on the dendritic polymer;

subscript y is an integer from 1 to 64, wherein subscript y is equal to the number of end groups on the dendritic polymer;

subscript p is an integer from 0 to 32; and

subscript m is an integer from 0 to 32.

2. The compound of claim 1, wherein at each occurrence in the compound the branched monomer unit (X) is independently selected from the group consisting of a diamino carboxylic acid moiety, a dihydroxy carboxylic acid moiety, and a hydroxyl amino carboxylic acid moiety.

3. The compound of claim 2, wherein at each occurrence in the compound the diamino carboxylic acid is independently selected from the group consisting of 2,3-diamino propanoic acid, 2,4-diaminobutanoic acid, 2,5-diaminopentanoic acid (ornithine), 2,6-diaminohexanoic acid (lysine), (2-Aminoethyl)-cysteine, 3-amino-2-aminomethyl propanoic acid, 3-amino-2-aminomethyl-2-methyl propanoic acid, 4-amino-2-(2-aminoethyl) butyric acid, and 5-amino-2-β-aminopropyl pentanoic acid.

4. The compound of claim 2, wherein the diamino carboxylic acid moiety is an amino acid moiety.

5. The compound of claim 1, wherein each branched monomer unit X is lysine moiety.